

# DXN

### **Operating Instructions**



#### OI803N

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#### 1.0 OVERVIEW & OPERATING PRINCIPLE

DXN Tension Meters are hand-held, mechanical instruments which accurately measure the running as well as static tensions of a wide variety of process materials including yarns, fibers, wires, optical fibers, tapes, etc. They employ the 3-roller principle for tension measurement where the outer two reference guide rollers remain fixed during measurement to establish a wrap angle over the middle sensing roller. The middle roller, acting against an internal calibrating spring, is displaced relative to the running line tension. This displacement is converted to a rotary motion to turn a pointer on a scale to give a reading in grams tension.





#### 3.0 THICKNESS COMPENSATION

The 3-roller system for tension measurement relies on the displacement of the middle roller to give an indication of line tension. As the material diameter or thickness changes, there will be a change in tension reading, even though line tension has not changed. To offset this effect, highrange instruments (1000 grams and higher) are usually furnished with a Thickness Compensator, as shown here.



To determine whether the Compensator needs to be used for a specific application, take readings with and without the process sample in the Compensator using a hanging weight approximately equal to the process operating tension.

To set up the Thickness Compensator, proceed as follows:

- 1. With the Thumb Piece pushed forward and held, pass a sample of the process material through the opening at the instrument end, as pictured here, making sure it lies between the two visible disc-like anvil surfaces.
- 2. Allow the Thumb Piece to SLOWLY return to its original position.

## CAUTION: Do not let the Thumb Piece snap back as this may affect calibration and also damage the instrument.

3. Secure the process sample ends under the spring clip provided or with some tape. The instrument is now ready to use

#### 4.0 QUICK START INSTRUCTIONS

**NOTE:** If tension meter is equipped with a Thickness Compensator, first set up Compensator as indicated in 3.0.

- 1. Prior to engaging the material under test, part the 3-roller system by pushing and holding the Thumb Piece forward.
- 2. Keeping the outer rollers extended, bring theinstrument behind or under the filament and move it so that the Filament Guide bars contact the process material.
- 3. Slowly release pressure on the Thumb Piece until the outer rollers return to their original position. This will automatically direct the material into the guide roller grooves.
- 4. The scale pointer will show line tension directly in grams or kilo grams.
- 5. To remove the instrument from the process material, push the Thumb Piece forward again to open the 3-roller system. With the outer rollers extended, move the instrument away from the material.
- 6. Remove the instrument and SLOWLY releasepressure on the Thumb Piece, allowing the outerrollers to return to their original position.

## CAUTION: Do not let the Thumb Piece snap back as this may affect calibration and also damage the instrument.

#### **5.0 CALIBRATION NOTES**

The calibration process involves hanging laboratory weights from a fixed point, engaging the vertical line material which holds the weights with the tension meter 3-roller system, marking a blank dial face where the scale pointer comes to rest for each weight used, dividing the spaces between load "reading" marks and



finish marking and numbering to show calibration marks and "readings" on the dial face.

The procedure requires specialized skills and the following material:

- 1. A load stand to simulate the setup shown here.
- 2. A set of precision laboratory weights to cover the tension range of the instrument.
- 3. Factory "standard" nylon monofilaments as shown in the Table on page 7.
- 4. A Special Calibration Fixture and metric wrench.

A full, detailed calibration procedure is available upon request.

#### 5.1 Calibration with Factory Standard Filaments

All DXN Tension Meters are calibrated with laboratory weights suspended from factory Standard nylon monofilament sizes, as noted in the table below. Any difference in process material size and rigidity from the Standard

materials may result in some error. For over 95% of applications, the error is not significant and can be ignored since readings are generally treated as

production setup values or are used for comparative purposes. In those

cases where highest accuracy is required, a correction chart showing Readings vs. Actual Load should be made up by the user or "Special" calibration should be specified when an order is placed.

St	andard Calibratio	on Monofilament Sizes
		Mono-
	Range	filament
Model	(Grams)	Dia. (mm)
DXN-50	5-50	0.12
DXN-120	20-120	0.12
DXN-200	20-200	0.12
DXN-400	20-400	0.20
DXN-1000	50-1000	0.30
DXN-2000	200-2000	0.50
DXN-5000	400-5000	0.80
DXN-10K	2-10 Kg	1.00
DXN-20K-L	5-20 Kg	1.50
DXN-30K-L	5-30 Kg	1.50
DXN-50K-L	$5-50~\mathrm{Kg}$	1.50 (steel rope)

#### 5.2 Special Calibration

Special Calibration is optionally available for a specific material type and size so long as the material fits the mechanical limits and range of the instrument. The customer must supply a 10-ft sample (3 meters) of the material. Such calibration can be performed with or without using the Thickness Compensator if one has been provided with the instrument. If not specified, the calibration facility will use its best judgment.

*Note:* Special calibration is available for a single sample only.

#### 5.3 NIST Calibration

While all DXN instruments are furnished with a Calibration Certificate which certifies that they have been calibrated in accordance with factory procedures and were found to meet all published accuracy specifications, such calibrations do not fulfill ISO-9000 requirements since no record of measured values are kept or are submitted. Where ISO-9000 requirements are to be met, NIST calibration is optionally available but must be specified at time of order placement or after repair.

#### 5.4 Calibration Verification Schedule

Frequency of calibration accuracy verification depends on many factors. These include frequency and extent of tension overloads, operating speeds, length of operating times, environment, care in handling, etc. Such determination is best made by the user's Quality Assurance Department based on the user's experience. However, a quick calibration check near the anticipated process tension levels should be done to confirm the integrity of the instrument, as follows:

- 1. At the beginning of each work session
- 2. Every time a unit is dropped
- 3. Whenever process readings seem to be out of tolerance for no apparent reason

The quick check can be made with a simple load stand, as shown in 5.0, using a sample of the process material and weights that are close

to the tensions encountered in the process. Be sure to move the tension meter up and down slowly to simulate the motion of the running process material. This will check the condition of the guide roller ball bearings and remove any inertia effect of the movement. Readings that change with this motion reversal may indicate the possibility of a guide roller ball bearing problem.

In the case of wire, which might be slightly deformed by the action of the 3-roller system during static measurement, always move to a fresh portion of the wire each time a measurement is made. (In production, the instrument always "sees" a fresh portion.)

#### 6.0 OPTIONS

#### 6.1 High-Speed Guide Rollers

DXN guide roller assemblies are rated 2000 meters/min., maximum. The following high-speed roller assemblies are optionally available:

"K" Roller Assembly	: 3,500 meters/min., maximum
"HS" Assembly	: 5,000 meters/min., maximum

All high speed roller assemblies must be initially installed by the factory or an authorized service facility.

#### 6.2 Lever Assembly

On high-range instruments, the return spring force must be strong enough to bring the outer rollers back to their original position during measurement. The average person will find it difficult to operate the mechanism just with thumb pressure on the Thumb Piece alone. (This is especially true with models rated 20 Kg and higher.) Adding the Lever Assembly shown here will greatly reduce the effort required to open and close the 3-roller system. The Lever Assembly must be installed by the factory or an authorized service facility.



#### 6.3 Air Dashpot Damping

DXN Tension Meters incorporate a moderate amount of movement damping to smooth out some high frequency tension fluctuation. However, where process fluctuations result in rapid pointer swings which make it difficult or near impossible to read the scale, an optionally-available Air Dashpot Damping mechanism can be provided to slow down the pointer swings to permit a reading. In setting up the mechanism, it is best to set the damping rate just to the point where a readable pointer results with minimal pointer swings. The amount of damping is set by turning the small slotted screw or hex-head screw of the damping assembly located near the guide-roller mounting bracket. The Air Dashpot must be installed at time of original manufacture. It cannot be added later.

CAUTION: Do not set damping rate too high as this will damage the movement.



#### 7.0 DXN MODEL DATA & SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracy*	$\pm$ 1% of full scale or $\pm$ 1 graduation mark on scale
<b>Diameter of Scale</b>	54 mm
Maximum Speed	
(standard)	2000 m/min
(optional)	3500 m/min (K)
(optional)	5000 m/min (HS)
Outer roller distance, c:c	
DXN-30 to DXN-1000 EX	38 mm
DXN-200 to DXN-10K	100 mm
DXN-2K	150 or 200 mm
DXN-30K to DXN-50K	250 mm
Roller material	
(standard)	Hard-coated aluminum
(optional)	Hardened steel (ST)
Ceramic (CE)	
Phenolic (PH)	
Housing material	Die-cast aluminum
<b>Dimensions</b> (10.2 x 2.8 x 1.7 in.)	260 x 72 x 44 mm
Weight	700 g (1.5 lbs.), approx.

\* Using factory standard materials and procedures. Special calibration using customer sample is available.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

